"Global Economy and the European Automotive Industry" - Extract

Reinventing the Industry 25th Meeting of the Automotive Sector IESE, Barcelona, November 23, 2010

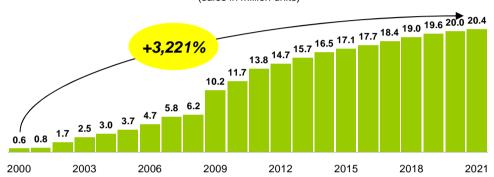
Prof. Dr. Bernd Gottschalk
Chairman and CEO AutoValue GmbH
Former President of VDA and Former Board Member MERCEDES-BENZ



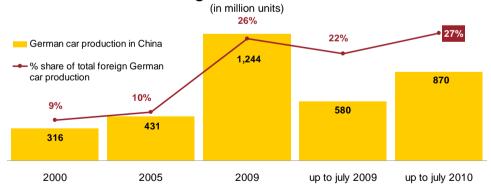
China and India are challenging Europe, and Europe will find answers ...

China grows and grows ...

(sales in million units)



... the importance of China for Germany's foreign production grows as well



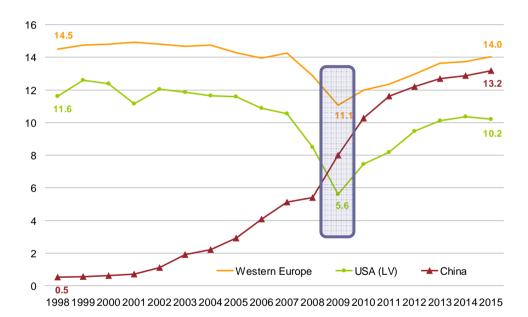
Source: R. L. Polk Germany, VDA Forecast (09.11.2010)

- China's importance for the German domestic production is constantly growing (11% of exports in units)
- High percentage of premium products lead to even higher sales figures
- Q3 EBIT of German OEMs reflected growing dependence of profits from China
- German car production in China today accounts for 27% of total foreign German car production
- China loves premium
- Europe will not be able to compete with "low cost" (and should not)
- China and India require "different" strategies
- Technology, innovation, quality and platform strategies are key
- R&D will be decisive



Yesterday's "Battle of Europe" will be tomorrow's "Global Battle"

Production (million units)

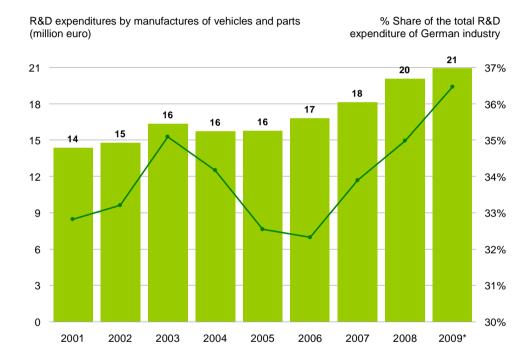


Source: R. L. Polk Germany Forecast (10.11.2010)

- China, Brazil and India are the winners, not Europe
- China becomes the most important production site outside Germany
- But Europe has stunning brands, attractive products and new technology
- Europe is not "united", politically, economically and in automotive policy
- "Non-industrialized Europe" is not always supporting "industrialized Europe"
- Competitiveness and innovation are key elements of future success
- The global battle has just begun
- Fair trade often is endangered
- Protectionism is around the corner
- Trade agreements often penalize Europe
- "Currency wars" distort markets
- Tomorrow, incentives for e-cars will prevent level playing field



We need a new approach for the value chain, to generate innovations.



Source: Stifterverband Wissenschaftsstatistik

* estimate

- The value chain between OEMs and suppliers in Europe is superior to other organizational patterns (Keiretsu etc.)
- 70% of the total value of the car stems from suppliers
- The European vertical integration can only deploy innovations if the margins are sufficient
- The suppliers have developed differently: strong, big, successful on the one hand, highly leveraged, and too small to globalize on the other hand
- Innovations are the only nondiscriminatory barriers in high wage countries to defend the position against new entrants
- Lower emissions, CO₂, less weight, zero emission vehicles, safety need more R&D from OEMs and suppliers
- We need a new approach for the European value chain (incl. science, governments and even banks)



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